Indiana’s Rank: **37th out of 51 States** (including Washington D.C)

Indiana’s Score: **46.00 out of 100 Points**

**ABOUT KSI**

In the past ten years, 222 children have died from sports related injuries while participating in organized high school athletics. Some of the most common causes of death in sports are sudden cardiac arrest, exertional heat stroke, and traumatic head injury.

The Korey Stringer Institute is dedicated to preventing sudden death in sports. Recently KSI has published a study that ranked states by their health and safety policies according to best practices established by panels of experts in the field.

Our mission is to inform parents, coaches, and community members about the steps that Indiana High School Athletic Association (IHSAA) and Indiana’s legislators have taken to protect athletes.

Ranks and Scores are accurate as of August 2019
What Can You Do?

Reach out to the Indiana High School Athletic Association (IHSAA). Make sure the officials responsible for student-athlete safety are using best practices.

IHSAA Commissioner
Bobby Cox
Email: bcox@ihsaa.org

IHSAA Assistant Commissioner
Robert Faulkens
Email: rf Faulkens@ihsaa.org

IHSAA Assistant Commissioner
Paul Neidig
Email: pneidig@ihsaa.org

Indiana leads the nation when it comes to Sudden Cardiac Arrest policies. It also performs extremely well in Traumatic Head Injuries. Indiana falls below the national average Appropriate Healthcare Coverage, Exertional Heat Stroke, and Emergency Preparedness. Indiana falls farthest behind in Emergency Preparedness. If the state passes policies focusing on Emergency Action Plans, it can move from 37th to 9th!

Emergency Action Plans are concrete written plans that reduce critical delays in care of catastrophic injuries.

Emergency Preparedness Policies

Policies Currently in Place for Indiana
Policy 1EP: Coaching education required as part of coaching certification on topics relating to preventing sudden death in sport

Possible Improvements for Indiana
Policy 1E: Every school or organization that sponsors athletics should develop an EAP specifically for managing serious and/or potentially life-threatening sport-related injuries (athletics emergency action plan AEAP)
Policy 2E: The AEAP should be developed and coordinated with local EMS, school public safety officials, on site medical personnel or school medical staff, and school administrators
Policy 3E: Every school should distribute the AEAP to all athletics staff members
Policy 4E: The AEAP should be specific to each venue (including maps, directions, etc.)
Policy 5E: On-site emergency equipment that may be needed in an emergency situation should be listed
Policy 6E: The AEAP should identify personnel and their responsibilities to carry out the plan of action with a designated chain of command
Policy 7E: Appropriate contact information for EMS
Policy 8E: Plan should specify documentation actions that need to be taken post emergency
Policy 9E: AEAP should be reviewed and rehearsed annually by all parties involved
Policy 10E: Healthcare professionals who will provide medical coverage during games, practices, or other events should be included