

August 2018

Ranking at the time of this update:

Rank	State	Score (%)	Rank	State	Score (%)
1	New Jersey	79.026	27	Alaska	47.4
2	North Carolina	78.75	28	Alabama	47.2
3	Massachusetts	71.4	29	Maine	47.1
4	Kentucky	71.125	30	Nevada	47
5	Florida	62.45	31	Rhode Island	46.725
6	Missouri	62	32	Vermont	46.375
7	South Dakota	60.575	33	Kansas	46.35
8	Washington	60	34	South Carolina	46.175
9	Wisconsin	59.125	35	Indiana	46
10	Hawaii	59.125	36	Delaware	45.725
11	Georgia	56.975	37	Ohio	43.925
12	Arkansas	56.825	38	Idaho	43
13	New York	55.75	39	Maryland	42.625
14	Mississippi	55.25	40	Oklahoma	41.3
15	West Virginia	54.325	41	Louisiana	41
16	Utah	54	42	Connecticut	40.801
17	Oregon	53.592	43	Michigan	39.725
18	Virginia	53.4	44	Minnesota	38.35
19	Illinois	53.375	45	North Dakota	38
20	Tennessee	52.725	46	Iowa	37
21	Arizona	52	47	Wyoming	37
22	Texas	50.8	48	New Hampshire	36
23	District of Columbia	50.55	49	Montana	33.25
24	Pennsylvania	49	50	California	26
25	New Mexico	48.075	51	Colorado	23
26	Nebraska	47.75			

State	Old Rank	New Rank	Old Points	New Points	Change Score	Areas Changed
Florida	23	5	48.25	62.45	14.2	<p><i>Emergency Planning</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Every school or organization that sponsors athletics should develop an EAP specifically for managing serious and/or potentially life-threatening sport-related injuries (athletics emergency action plan AEAP) 2. The AEAP should be developed and coordinated with local EMS, school public safety officials, on site medical personnel or school medical staff, and school administrators 3. Every school should distribute the AEAP to all athletics staff members 4. The AEAP should be specific to each venue (including maps, directions, etc.) 5. On-site emergency equipment that may be needed in an emergency situation should be listed 6. The AEAP should identify personnel and their responsibilities to carry out the plan of action with a designated chain of command 7. Appropriate contact information for EMS 9. AEAP should be reviewed and rehearsed annually by all parties involved 10. Healthcare professionals who will provide medical coverage during games, practices, or other events should be included Coaching education required as part of coaching certification on topics relating to preventing sudden death in sport <p><i>Heat Acclimatization</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3. On days 1-5, 1-hour maximum walk-through is permitted, however there must be a 3 hour minimum between practice and walk-through (or vice versa) 5. Day 6–14, double-practice days must be followed by a single-practice day. On single-practice days, 1 walk-through is permitted, separated from the practice by at least 3 hours of continuous rest. When a double-practice day is followed by a rest day, another double practice day is permitted after the rest day. 7. On a double-practice day, the 2 practices should be separated by at least 3 continuous hours in a cool environment.
South Carolina	40	36	39.8	44.175	4.375	<p><i>Emergency Planning</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CPR/AED and First Aid training required for all coaches